## Product Rule for Differentiation

## Worksheet 1

## Exercise 1

Differentiate each of the following:

1. $f(x)=5 x \cdot \cos (x)$
2. $y=x^{2} \cdot \ln (x)$
3. $y=\left(2 x^{3}-2 x\right) \cdot e^{x}$
4. $f(x)=5 \cdot \ln (x) \cdot \tan (x)$
5. $y=2 \sin (x) \cdot \sqrt{x}$
6. $f(x)=\sqrt[3]{x}\left(x^{3}-2 x\right)$
7. $y=\frac{3}{x}\left(2 x^{5}-2\right)$
8. $f(x)=3 \sin (x) \cos (x)$

The following derivatives are typically seen in higher level courses:
9. $y=4 x^{2} \cdot \tan ^{-1}(x)$
10. $f(x)=2^{x} \cdot \cos (x)$
11. $f(x)=8 x \cdot \sin ^{-1}(x)$
12. $y=x^{2} .3^{x}$

## Exercise 2

Consider the curve defined by $y=2 x \cdot \ln (x)$.

1. Find the $y$ coordinate at the point $P$ whose $x$-coordinate is $x=1$.
2. Find $\frac{d y}{d x}$.
3. Calculate the gradient of the curve when $x=1$.
4. Find the equation of the tangent to the curve at $P$.
5. Find the equation to the normal to the curve at $P$.
